Principles of AI Planning

15. Strong nondeterministic planning

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3 / 21

Concepts

Strong plans

Weak preimage:

Algorithms Summary

Concepts

Strong planning



Algorithms

In this chapter, we will consider the simplest case of nondeterministic planning by restricting attention to strong plans.

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2/21

Strong plans



Recall the definition of strong plans:

Definition (strong plan)

Let S be the set of states of a planning task Π . Then a strong plan for Π is a function $\pi: S_{\pi} \to O$ for some subset $S_{\pi} \subseteq S$ such that

- \blacksquare $\pi(s)$ is applicable in s for all $s \in S_{\pi}$,
- \blacksquare $S_{\pi}(s_0) \subseteq S_{\pi} \cup S_{\star}$ (π is closed),
- \blacksquare $S_{\pi}(s') \cap S_{\star} \neq \emptyset$ for all $s' \in S_{\pi}(s_0)$ (π is proper), and
- lacksquare there is no state $s' \in S_{\pi}(s_0)$ such that s' is reachable from s' following π in a strictly positive number of steps (π is acyclic).

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Summary

Strong plans

4/21

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Strong plans

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Concept

Strong plans

Weak preimages Strong preimages

Algorithms

Summary

Execution of a strong plan

- Determine the current state *s*.
- If *s* is a goal state then terminate.
- \blacksquare Execute action $\pi(s)$.
- 4 Repeat from first step.

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5/21

Strong plans Concepts Strong plans (pick-up A B) (pick-up-from-table A) (put-on A C) January 11, 2019 B. Nebel, B. Mattmüller – Al Planning 6/21

Images

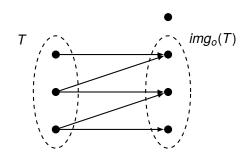
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7 / 21

Image

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The image of a set T of states with respect to an operator o is the set of those states that can be reached by executing o in a state in T.



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ncepts

Strong plans Images Weak preimages Strong preimage

Algorithms
Summary

Definition (image of a state)

$$img_o(s) = \{s' \in S | s \xrightarrow{o} s'\} = app_o(s)$$

Definition (image of a set of states)

$$img_o(T) = \bigcup_{s \in T} img_o(s)$$

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Images

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Concepts

Strong plans Images Weak preimages

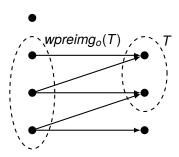
Algorithms

Summary

Weak preimages

Weak preimage

The weak preimage of a set *T* of states with respect to an operator o is the set of those states from which a state in T can be reached by executing o.



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9/21

11/21

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Strong plans

Weak preimages

Algorithms

Weak preimages



Concepts

Weak preimages

Algorithms

Definition (weak preimage of a state)

 $wpreimg_o(s') = \{s \in S | s \xrightarrow{o} s'\}$

Definition (weak preimage of a set of states)

 $wpreimg_o(T) = \bigcup_{s \in T} wpreimg_o(s).$

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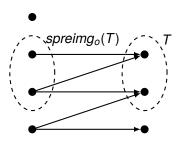
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10/21

Strong preimages

Strong preimage

The strong preimage of a set *T* of states with respect to an operator o is the set of those states from which a state in T is always reached when executing o.



Strong plans Weak preimage:

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Strong preimage: Algorithms

Summary

Strong preimages



12 / 21

Concepts Strong plans Weak preimages

Algorithms

Definition (strong preimage of a set of states)

 $spreimg_o(T) = \{ s \in S \mid \exists s' \in T : s \xrightarrow{o} s' \land img_o(s) \subseteq T \}$

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Summary



Algorithms

Summary

Algorithms

Algorithms

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13 / 21

Algorithms for strong planning



Algorithms

Dynamic programming (backward)

Compute operator/distance/value for a state based on the operators/distances/values of its all successor states.

Zero actions needed for goal states.

2 If states with *i* actions to goals are known, states with $\leq i + 1$ actions to goals can be easily identified.

Automatic reuse of plan suffixes already found.

2 Heuristic search (forward)

Strong planning can be viewed as AND/OR graph search.

OR nodes: Choice between operators AND nodes: Choice between effects Heuristic AND/OR search algorithms:

AO*, Proof Number Search, ...

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14 / 21

Dynamic programming

Planning by dynamic programming

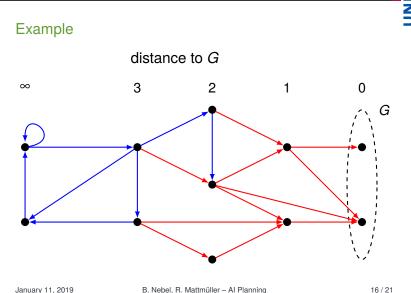
If for all successors of state s with respect to operator o a plan exists, assign operator o to s.

- Base case i = 0: In goal states there is nothing to do.
- Inductive case i > 1: If $\pi(s)$ is still undefined and there is $o \in O$ such that for all $s' \in img_o(s)$, the state s' is a goal state or $\pi(s')$ was assigned in an earlier iteration, then assign $\pi(s) = o$.

Backward distances

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If s is assigned a value on iteration i > 1, then the backward distance of *s* is *i*. The dynamic programming algorithm essentially computes the backward distances of states.



Backward distances

Summary

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Backward distances



Concepts

Summary

Definition (backward distance sets)

Let G be a set of states and O a set of operators. The backward distance sets D_i^{bwd} for G and O consist of those states for which there is a guarantee of reaching a state in G with at most i operator applications using operators in O:

$$D_0^{bwd} := G$$

$$D_i^{bwd} := D_{i-1}^{bwd} \cup \bigcup_{o \in O} spreimg_o(D_{i-1}^{bwd}) \text{ for all } i \ge 1$$

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17 / 21

Backward distances



Concepts

Algorithms
Regression
Summary

Definition (backward distance)

Let G be a set of states and O a set of operators, and let $D_0^{bwd}, D_1^{bwd}, \dots$ be the backward distance sets for G and O. Then the backward distance of a state s for G and O is

$$\delta_G^{bwd}(s) = \min\{i \in \mathbb{N} \,|\, s \in D_i^{bwd}\}$$

(where $\min \emptyset = \infty$).

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18 / 21

Strong plans based on distances

Let $\Pi = \langle V, I, O, \gamma \rangle$ be a nondeterministic planning task with state set S and goal states S_* .

Extraction of a strong plan from distance sets

- Let $S' \subseteq S$ be those states having a finite backward distance for $G = S_*$ and O.
- Let $s \in S'$ be a state with distance $i = \delta_G^{bwd}(s) \ge 1$.
- assign to $\pi(s)$ any operator $o \in O$ such that $img_o(s) \subseteq D_{i-1}^{bwd}$. Hence o decreases the backward distance by at least one.

Then π is a strong plan for \mathscr{T} iff $I \in S'$.

Question: What is the worst-case runtime of the algorithm?

Concepts

Algorithms

Summa

Summary

Summary

Concepts

Summary

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19 / 21

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Summary



Concepts

- We have considered the special case of nondeterministic planning where
- Algorithms
 Summary

- planning tasks are fully observable and
- we are interested in strong plans.
- We have introduced important concepts also relevant to other variants of nondeterministic planning such as
 - images and
 - weak and strong preimages.
- We have discussed one basic classes of algorithms: backward induction by dynamic programming.

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