## Principles of AI Planning

Prof. Dr. B. Nebel, Dr. R. Mattmüller D. Speck Winter Semester 2016/2017 University of Freiburg Department of Computer Science

# Exercise Sheet 12 Due: Friday, February 3rd, 2017

#### Exercise 12.1 (Dynamic programming, 3 points)

Consider the propositional nondeterministic planning task  $\Pi' = \langle A', I', O', \gamma' \rangle$ , with

- the set of variables  $A' = \{a, b, c\},\$
- initial state  $I' = \{a \mapsto 0, b \mapsto 0, c \mapsto 1\},\$
- set of operators  $O' = \langle o_1, o_2, o_3 \rangle$ , where

$$-o_1 = \langle a, \{b \land c, b \land \neg c\} \rangle,$$
  

$$-o_2 = \langle \neg a \land b, \{a \land \neg b, a\} \rangle,$$
  

$$-o_3 = \langle \neg b, \{\neg a \land b\} \rangle$$

• and goal  $\gamma' = a \wedge b$ 

Determine a strong plan for  $\Pi'$  by computing backward distances with the dynamic programming algorithm.

### Exercise 12.2 (Weak and strong preimages, 2 points)

Let  $\mathcal{T} = \langle S, O, T, s_0, S_{\star} \rangle$  be a (nondeterministic) transition system that happens to be deterministic, i.e., for each state  $s \in S$  and each label  $o \in O$ , there exists at most one state  $s' \in S$  such that  $\langle s, o, s' \rangle \in T$ .

Show that for all operators  $o \in O$  and all state sets  $S' \subseteq S$ , whereimg  $o(S') = \operatorname{spreimg}_{o}(S')$ .

#### Exercise 12.3 (Nondeterministic progression search, 3 + 2 points)

- (a) Model the game *Tic-Tac-Toe* as a nondeterministic planning task for a grid of size **2** × **2** with the goal to get two markers in a row, column or diagonally. Formalize the game from the first player's perspective. See http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Tic-tac-toe if you have questions about the rules of the game.
- (b) Determine a strong plan for this planning task as a graph by providing a solution graph generated by progression search.

You can and should solve the exercise sheets in groups of two. Please state both names on your solution.