

Constraint Satisfaction Problems

Introduction

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- Constraint Satisfaction Problems
- Real World Applications
- Solving Constraints
- Contents of the lecture

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What is a constraint?

1 a: the act of constraining **b:** the state of being checked, restricted, or compelled to avoid or perform some action ...

c: a constraining condition, agency, or force ...

2 a: repression of one's own feelings, behavior, or actions **b:** a sense of being constrained ...

(from *Merriam-Webster's Online Dictionary*)

Usage

- In programming languages, constraints are often used to restrict the domains of variables.
- In databases, constraints can be used to specify integrity conditions.
- In mathematics, a constraint is a requirement on solutions of optimization problems

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Examples:

- Latin squares
- Eight queens problem
- Sudoku
- Map coloring problem
- Boolean satisfiability

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Problem:

- How can one fill an $n \times n$ table with n different symbols
- ... such that each symbol occurs exactly once in each row and in each column?

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 & 1 \\ 3 & 4 & 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 1 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

There are 56 different *reduced* Latin squares of size 5, 9408 squares of size 6, 16.942.080 squares of size 7, 535.281.401.856 squares of size 8, ...

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Problem:

- Fill a partially completed 9×9 grid such that
- ... each row, each column, and each of the nine 3×3 grids contains the numbers from 1 to 9.

2	5			3		9		1
	1				4			
4		7				2		8
		5	2					
				9	8	1		
	4				3			
			3	6			7	2
	7							3
9		3				6		4

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Eight queens puzzle



Problem:

- How can one put 8 queens on a standard chess board (8×8 -board)
- ... such that no queen can attack any other queen?

Solutions:

- The puzzle has **12 unique solutions** (up to rotations and reflections)
- Old problem proposed in 1848.
- Various variants
 - knights (instead of queens)
 - 3D
 - n queens on an $n \times n$ -board

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A solution ...



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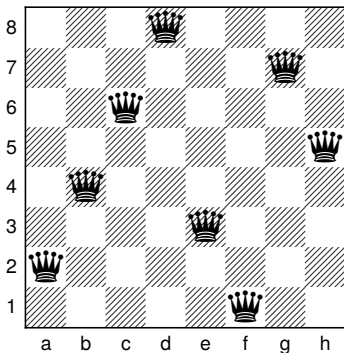
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A solution of the 8-queens problem

Definition

A **constraint network** is defined by:

- a finite set of **variables**
- a (finite) domain of **values** for each variable
- a finite set of **constraints** (i.e., binary, ternary, ... relations defined between the variables)

Problem

Is there a **solution** of the network, i.e., an assignment of values to the variables such that all constraints are satisfied?

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Problem:

- Can one color the nodes of a given graph with k colors
- ... such that all nodes connected by an edge have different colors?

Reformulated as a constraint network:

- **Variables:** the nodes of the graph
- **Domains:** “colors” $\{1, \dots, k\}$ for each variable
- **Constraints:** nodes connected by an edge must have different values

This constraint network has a particular restricted form:

- only **binary** constraints
- domains are **finite**

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Problem instance:

- **Variables:** empty squares in a crossword puzzle;
- **Domains:** letters $\{A, B, C, \dots, Z\}$ for each variable;
- **Constraints:** relations defined by a given set of words that need (or are allowed) to occur in the completed puzzle.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9		10		11	12		13
14	15	16	17	18		19	20
	21	22		23	24	25	

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SAT

Given a propositional logic formula in CNF, is the formula satisfiable?

As a constraint satisfaction problem:

Problem instance (Boolean constraint network):

- **Variables:** (propositional) variables;
- **Domains:** truth values $\{0, 1\}$ for each variable;
- **Constraints:** defined by a clause in the formula.

Example: $(x_1 \vee \neg x_2 \vee \neg x_3) \wedge (x_1 \vee x_2 \vee x_4)$

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Traveling salesperson problem



Traveling salesperson problem (TSP):

Given a set of n cities and distances c_{ij} between city i and city j , find the shortest route that visits all cities and finishes in the starting city.

TSP is not a constraint satisfaction problem, but a constraint optimization problem

...



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Vehicle routing problem (VRP):

Given a set of goods that to need to be delivered from a central depot to costumers; and given a fleet of trucks that can transport the goods: find an assignment of routes to the trucks minimizes the total route cost.

Dozens of variants: Capacitated Vehicle Routing Problem (CVRP), ... with Pickup and Delivery (VRPPD), ... with time windows (CRPTW), ...

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In practice, not only constraint satisfaction, but constraint optimization is required.

Seminar topic assignment

- Given n students who want to participate in a seminar; m topics are available to be worked on by students; each topic can be worked on by at most one student, and each student has preferences which topics s/he would like to work on;
- ... how to assign topics to students?

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CSP/COP techniques can be used in

- *civil engineering* (design of power plants, water and energy supply, transportation and traffic infrastructure)
- *mechanical engineering* (design of machines, robots, vehicles)
- digital circuit *verification*
- automated timetabling
- air traffic control
- finance

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Theorem

It is NP-hard to decide solvability of CSPs.

Since k -colorability (SAT, 3SAT) is NP-complete, solvability of CSPs in general must be NP-hard.

Question: Is CSP solvability *in* NP?

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- Enumeration of all assignments and testing

↪ ... too costly

- Backtracking search

↪ numerous different strategies, often “dead” search paths are explored extensively

- Constraint propagation: elimination of obviously impossible values
- Interleaving backtracking and constraint propagation: constraint propagation at each generated search node
- Many other search methods, e. g., local/stochastic search, etc.

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- *Introduction and mathematical background*
 - Sets, relations, graphs
 - Constraint networks and satisfiability
 - Binary constraint networks
 - Simple solution methods (backtracking, etc.)
- *Inference-based methods*
 - Arc and path consistency
 - k -consistency and global consistency
- *Search methods*
 - Backtracking
 - Backjumping
 - Comparing different methods
 - Stochastic local search

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- *Global constraints*
- *Constraint optimization*
- *Selected advanced topics*
 - Expressiveness vs complexity of constraint formalisms
 - Qualitative constraint networks

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Lectures: Where, when, web page



Where

Bld. 51, Room SR 00 006

When

Monday, 10:15–12:00

Wednesday, 10:15–11:00 (+ exercises: 11:15–12:00)

No lectures

- 24-12-2014 – 06-01-2015 (Christmas break)

Web Page

http:

[//www.informatik.uni-freiburg.de/~ki/teaching/ws1415/csp/](http://www.informatik.uni-freiburg.de/~ki/teaching/ws1415/csp/)

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Goals

- Acquiring skills in constraint processing
- Understanding the principles behind different solving techniques
- Being able to read and understand research literature in the area of constraint satisfaction
- Being able to complete a project (thesis) in this research area

Prerequisites

- Basic knowledge in the area of AI
- Basic knowledge in formal logic
- Basic knowledge in theoretical computer science

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Exercise assignments

- handed out on *Wednesdays*
- due on *Wednesday* in the following week (before the lecture)
- may be solved in groups of **two** students
- 50 % of reachable points are required for exam admission

Implement a CSP solver ...

- Implementation tasks are specified on a regular basis (depending on the progress of the lecture)
- Programming language
- Implementation should compile on a standard Linux computer (Ubuntu 13.08)
- We provide git repositories for source code
- Working solver is prerequisite for exam admission
- We will do a competition between solvers at the end of the lecture

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Credit points

- 6 ECTS points

Exams

- (Oral or written) exam in February/March 2015

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Topics of theses resulting from this lecture:

- *Räumliche und zeitliche Constraints in beschreibungslogischen Wissensbasen*
- *Tableaux-Verfahren zur Lösung qualitativer CSPs*
- *Revisionsoperationen auf qualitativen Constraintnetzen*
- *Berechnung handhabbarer Klassen für qualitative räumliche Formalismen*
- *Fast procedures for the combination of qualitative constraint calculi*

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Topics of projects related to this lecture:

- *Ein Schwierigkeitsmaß für Sudoku-Puzzles*
- *Empirische Analyse von Konsistenz- und Suchalgorithmen*
- *Umsetzung eines CSP-Methoden-basierten Timetabling Algorithmus*

Lecture is based on slidesets of previous CSP lectures:

- Malte Helmert and Stefan Wöfl (summer term 2007)
- Bernhard Nebel and Stefan Wöfl (winter term 2009/10)
- Julien Hué and Stefan Wöfl (summer term 2012)

Special thanks to: Matthias Westphal, Robert Mattmüller,
Gabriele Röger, Manuel Bodirsky

- Rina Dechter:
Constraint Processing,
Morgan Kaufmann, 2003.
- Francesca Rossi, Peter van Beek, and Toby Walsh:
Handbook of Constraint Programming,
Elsevier, 2006.
- Wikipedia contributors:
Wikipedia, The Free Encyclopedia,
<http://en.wikipedia.org/>
- Wolfram Research:
Wolfram MathWorld,
<http://mathworld.wolfram.com/>
- Further readings will be given during the lecture.

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