

# Principles of AI Planning

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## Exercise Sheet 6

**Due: Friday, December 5th, 2014**

**Exercise 6.1** (Inaccuracy of  $h_{\max}$ , 2 points)

Prove that the heuristic  $h_{\max}$  is arbitrarily inaccurate, i.e., for all  $c \in \mathbb{R}^+$  there exists a relaxed planning task  $\Pi = \langle A, I, O^+, \gamma \rangle$  such that  $c \cdot h_{\max}(I) \leq h^+(I)$ .

**Exercise 6.2** (Stability of  $h_{\text{add}}$ , 4 points)

Show that it is important to test for stability when computing  $h_{\text{add}}$  by giving an example where you get an unnecessarily high overestimation when not performing this test.

*Hint:* The solution to this exercise is a planning task and its relaxed planning graph where  $h_{\text{add}}$  is higher in the goal node in layer  $k$  than in the goal node of layer  $j > k$ .

**Exercise 6.3** (Relaxed planning graph and heuristics, 4 points)

Consider the relaxed planning task  $\Pi^+$  with variables  $A = \{a, b, c, d, e\}$ , operators  $O = \{o_1, o_2, o_3\}$ ,  $o_1 = \langle d, c \wedge (c \triangleright e) \rangle$ ,  $o_2 = \langle c, a \rangle$ ,  $o_3 = \langle a, b \rangle$ , goal  $\gamma = b \wedge e$  and initial state  $s = \{a \mapsto 0, b \mapsto 0, c \mapsto 0, d \mapsto 1, e \mapsto 0\}$ . Solve the following exercises by drawing the relaxed planning graph for the lowest depth  $k$  that is necessary to extract a solution.

- (a) Calculate  $h_{\max}(s)$  for  $\Pi^+$ .
- (b) Calculate  $h_{\text{add}}(s)$  for  $\Pi^+$ .
- (c) Calculate  $h_{\text{sa}}(s)$  for  $\Pi^+$ .
- (d) Calculate  $h_{\text{FF}}(s)$  for  $\Pi^+$ .

You can and should solve the exercise sheets in groups of two. Please state both names on your solution.