## Introduction to Game Theory

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## Exercise Sheet 3 Due: Monday, May 7, 2018

**Exercise 3.1** (Best response function, 3 points)

Let  $G = \langle N, (A_i)_{i \in N}, (u_i)_{i \in N} \rangle$  with  $N = \{1, 2\}$ ,  $A_1 = A_2 = \mathbb{R}^{\geq 0}$ ,  $u_1(a_1, a_2) = a_1(a_2 - a_1)$  and  $u_2(a_1, a_2) = a_2(1 - \frac{1}{2}a_1 - a_2)$  for all  $(a_1, a_2) \in A$ . Define all Nash equilibria of this game by constructing and analyzing the best response function of both players.

**Exercise 3.2** (Kakutani's fixed point theorem, 1+1+1+1 points)

Let X be a compact, convex, non-empty subset of  $\mathbb{R}^n$  and let  $f:X\to 2^X$  be a set-valued function for which

- for each  $x \in X$ , the set f(x) is nonempty and convex;
- the graph of f is closed (i.e. for all sequences  $\{x_k\}$  and  $\{y_k\}$  such that  $y_k \in f(x_k)$  for all  $k, x_k \to x$ , and  $y_k \to y$ , we have  $y \in f(x)$ ).

Then there exists  $x^* \in X$  such that  $x^* \in f(x^*)$ .

Show that each of the following four conditions is necessary for Kakutani's theorem.

- (a) X is compact.
- (b) X is convex.
- (c) f(x) is convex for each  $x \in X$ .
- (d) f has a closed graph.

*Hint*: There exists a counter-example with n = 1 in each of the four cases.

The exercise sheets may and should be worked on and handed in in groups of three students. Please indicate both names on your solution.